117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S.

To improve United States consideration of, and strategic support for, programs to prevent and respond to gender-based violence from the onset of humanitarian emergencies and to build the capacity of humanitarian actors to address the immediate and long-term challenges resulting from such violence, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Menendez (for himself, Ms. Murkowski, Mr. Merkley, Ms. Rosen, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Markey, Mr. Cardin, Mr. Coons, Mrs. Shaheen, Mr. Kaine, Mr. Schatz, and Ms. Collins) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

- To improve United States consideration of, and strategic support for, programs to prevent and respond to gender-based violence from the onset of humanitarian emergencies and to build the capacity of humanitarian actors to address the immediate and long-term challenges resulting from such violence, and for other purposes.
- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

9	SECTION 1	SHORT	TITLE

1	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
2	This Act may be cited as the "Keeping Women and
3	Girls Safe from the Start Act of 2021".
4	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
5	Congress finds the following:
6	(1) Displaced and stateless people and refugees,
7	particularly women and girls, in conflict settings,
8	natural disasters, and other humanitarian emer-
9	gencies, often face extreme violence and threats of
10	violence, including—
11	(A) rape and sexual assault;
12	(B) domestic or intimate partner violence;
13	(C) child, early, and forced marriage;
14	(D) trafficking for the purposes of sexual
15	exploitation and forced labor;
16	(E) harmful traditional practices, such as
17	female genital mutilation or cutting; and
18	(F) harassment, exploitation, and abuse by
19	humanitarian personnel.
20	(2) Gender-based violence increases during hu-
21	manitarian emergencies and violent acts, such as in-
22	timate partner violence and child marriage, are often
23	exacerbated during times of crisis.
24	(3) Nearly 1 in 5 women affected by a humani-
25	tarian emergency report experiencing sexual violence
26	during such emergency.

1	(4) During the COVID-19 pandemic, the risk
2	of domestic violence, child marriage, trafficking, and
3	other forms of gender-based violence and abuse has
4	increased and compounds the risk displaced women
5	and girls face in emergencies.
6	(5) Survivors of gender-based violence in hu-
7	manitarian emergencies require—
8	(A) immediate, life-saving assistance, in-
9	cluding access to medical and psychosocial serv-
10	ices, such as post-rape care;
11	(B) access to justice and community-level
12	reintegration; and
13	(C) opportunities to earn livelihoods, build
14	skills, and receive an education.
15	(6) Early medical interventions after incidents
16	of rape can help to prevent infections, HIV, and
17	pregnancy.
18	(7) Empowering women to assume leadership
19	roles in delivering humanitarian assistance and ef-
20	fectively engaging local women's rights organizations
21	to provide life-saving assistance is critical to sup-
22	porting survivors or those at risk of gender-based vi-
23	olence during humanitarian crises.
24	(8) Between 2016 and 2018, inclusive, funding
25	for gender-based violence in humanitarian crises rep-

1	resented just 0.12 percent of all funding for humani-
2	tarian response activities.
3	(9) During 2013, the international community
4	launched the Global Call to Action on Protection
5	from Gender-Based Violence in Emergencies initia-
6	tive to improve prevention and responses to gender-
7	based violence in humanitarian settings.
8	(10) The United States demonstrated its com-
9	mitment to this initiative by implementing Safe from
10	the Start, under the direction of the Department of
11	State and the United States Agency for Inter-
12	national Development (USAID)—
13	(A) to reduce the incidence of gender-based
14	violence; and
15	(B) to ensure quality services for survivors
16	from the very onset of emergencies through
17	timely and effective humanitarian action.
18	(11) The United States has further dem-
19	onstrated its commitment to prevent and respond to
20	gender-based violence globally through the following
21	documents:
22	(A) The United States Strategy to Prevent
23	and Respond to Gender-Based Violence Glob-
24	ally, published by USAID in August 2012.

1	(B) The United States Global Strategy to
2	Empower Adolescent Girls, adopted by the De-
3	partment of State in March 2016.
4	(C) The U.S. Strategy To Support Women
5	and Girls at Risk From Violent Extremism and
6	Conflict, submitted to Congress in October
7	2018.
8	(D) The United States Strategy on
9	Women, Peace, and Security, released by the
10	President in June 2019.
11	(E) Advancing Protection and Care for
12	Children in Adversity: A U.S. Government
13	Strategy for International Assistance (2019–
14	2023), posted online by USAID in July 2019.
15	SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY OBJECTIVES.
16	(a) In General.—It is in the national interest of
17	the United States to take effective action—
18	(1) to prevent, mitigate, and respond to gender-
19	based violence in humanitarian emergencies around
20	the world;
21	(2) to promote respect for basic human rights
22	and gender equality; and
23	(3) to support economic growth, improved pub-
24	lic health, and peace and stability around the world.

1	(b) Programs, Activities, and Initiatives.—The
2	policy objectives set forth in subsection (a) are reinforced
3	through programs, activities, and initiatives that—
4	(1) build the capacity of humanitarian actors
5	responding to crises, including the capacity of gov-
6	ernments, international organizations, international
7	nongovernmental organizations, faith-based and non-
8	faith-based organizations, and local nongovernmental
9	groups (especially women-led organizations), to pre-
10	vent, mitigate, and respond to gender-based violence;
11	(2) systematically integrate and coordinate ef-
12	forts to prevent gender-based violence, including
13	by—
14	(A) incorporating gender-based violence
15	risk mitigation interventions across all humani-
16	tarian sectors; and
17	(B) promoting support for, and collabora-
18	tion with, gender-based violence response ex-
19	perts;
20	(3) support activities that—
21	(A) prevent and mitigate the impacts of
22	gender-based violence in humanitarian settings;
23	and
24	(B) empower survivors or those at risk of
25	gender-based violence;

1	(4) improve the delivery and quality of services
2	for survivors and at-risk populations of gender-based
3	violence, including—
4	(A) access to medical and psychosocial
5	services that comply with international stand-
6	ards; and
7	(B) service delivery to hard-to-reach popu-
8	lations;
9	(5) ensure protection against and accountability
10	for sexual exploitation and abuse, by and against hu-
11	manitarian personnel;
12	(6) advance the active leadership and participa-
13	tion of women and girls impacted by humanitarian
14	crises, including in the design, implementation, and
15	evaluation of programs and other activities;
16	(7) ensure, when providing assistance to inter-
17	national and nongovernmental organizations in a hu-
18	manitarian response, that particular emphasis be
19	given to such organizations led by women impacted
20	by the humanitarian crisis; and
21	(8) promote transparency and accountability of
22	United States Government programs and humani-
23	tarian implementers' efforts related to preventing
24	and responding to gender-based violence in humani-
25	tarian response.

1	SEC 4	AUTHORIZED	CAPE EDOM	THE STADT	ACTIVITIES
1	SHIC: 4.	ALTHORIZED	SAHR: HROW	THE START	ACTIVITIES

2	The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Ad-
3	ministrator of the United States Agency for International
4	Development, shall carry out Safe from the Start activities
5	that accomplish the policy objectives set forth in section
6	3, including—
7	(1) training and capacity building for humani-
8	tarian personnel and other humanitarian first re-
9	sponders—
10	(A) to identify and prevent gender-based
11	violence in humanitarian settings; and
12	(B) to support survivors and those at risk
13	through best practices, including—
14	(i) established international minimum
15	standards for gender-based violence pre-
16	vention and response; and
17	(ii) referrals to qualified gender-based
18	violence responders;
19	(2) the deployment of, and support for, skilled
20	gender advisors and female humanitarian aid work-
21	ers that comply with international standards, includ-
22	ing through the Gender-Based Violence Area of Re-
23	sponsibility coordinated by the United Nations Pop-
24	ulation Fund;
25	(3) the development of technical skills of local
26	nongovernmental organizations and other local ac-

1	tors, such as women impacted by the humanitarian
2	crisis, including skills related to advocacy, moni-
3	toring, data collection, evaluation, and communica-
4	tions;
5	(4) performing on-the-ground gender analyses
6	and rapid gender assessments;
7	(5) the deployment of international minimum
8	standards, guidelines, best practices, and other tools
9	to improve the integration of efforts to identify, pre-
10	vent, and address gender-based violence across all
11	humanitarian assistance programs and initiatives, in
12	consultation with international and local nongovern-
13	mental organizations and other gender-based vio-
14	lence experts;
15	(6) promoting existing international minimum
16	standards, indicators, and metrics to ensure appro-
17	priate response and assess the adequacy of interven-
18	tions relating to gender-based violence;
19	(7) efforts to improve the quality and avail-
20	ability of services for survivors and those at risk of
21	gender-based violence, including medical and psycho-
22	social care and hygiene and dignity kits;
23	(8) expanding and improving empowerment ac-
24	tivities, including—

1	(A) women's and girls' economic opportu-
2	nities and livelihoods;
3	(B) social network building;
4	(C) education and skills; and
5	(D) leadership roles and participation in
6	humanitarian response; and
7	(9) establishing accountability mechanisms and
8	monitoring and reporting tools to prevent and re-
9	spond to incidents of sexual or other gender-based
10	exploitation or abuse perpetrated by personnel deliv-
11	ering humanitarian assistance and associated per-
12	sonnel.
13	SEC. 5. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
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13 14 15	
14	(a) Defined Term.—In this section, the term "ap-
14 15	(a) Defined Term.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
14 15 16 17	(a) Defined Term.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—(1) the Committee on Appropriations of the
14 15 16	 (a) Defined Term.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means— (1) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
14 15 16 17 18	 (a) Defined Term.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means— (1) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
14 15 16 17	 (a) Defined Term.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means— (1) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) Defined Term.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means— (1) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; (3) the Committee on Appropriations of the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) Defined Term.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means— (1) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; (3) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives; and

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
2	the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually
3	thereafter, the Secretary of State, in coordination
4	with the Administrator of the United States Agency
5	for International Development, shall submit a report
6	to the appropriate congressional committees that de-
7	scribes the progress made by the United States, in
8	conjunction with partners, such as the United Na-
9	tions High Commissioner for Refugees, the United
10	Nations Population Fund, the World Health Organi-
11	zation, the World Food Program, the United Na-
12	tions Children's Fund, and the International Organi-
13	zation for Migration, to prevent, mitigate, and ad-
14	dress gender-based violence in humanitarian emer-
15	gencies.
16	(2) Report elements.—The report required
17	under paragraph (1) shall include—
18	(A)(i) an analysis of data and research re-
19	garding the key drivers of gender-based violence
20	in humanitarian emergencies;
21	(ii) the needs and services required by sur-
22	vivors or those at risk; and
23	(iii) successful program models to address,
24	prevent, and mitigate such violence; and

1	(B) a detailed description of the programs,
2	diplomatic efforts, and other activities under-
3	taken by the United States to implement Safe
4	from the Start, in accordance with section 4, in-
5	cluding—
6	(i) a description of the steps taken—
7	(I) to integrate prevention, miti-
8	gation, and respond to gender-based
9	violence into humanitarian assistance;
10	(II) to develop humanitarian
11	standards; and
12	(III) to respond to specific hu-
13	manitarian crises;
14	(ii) a description of the progress made
15	toward achieving specific objectives,
16	metrics, and indicators for implementation
17	of Safe from the Start programming,
18	disaggregated, as appropriate, by gender,
19	age, and type of violence;
20	(iii) a list of the all projects funded or
21	supported through Safe from the Start
22	programming, with specific details on lev-
23	els of funding or assistance and impacts of
24	such projects disaggregated, as appro-

1	priate, by gender, age, and type of vio-
2	lence;
3	(iv) an assessment of the extent to
4	which consultations with nongovernmental
5	organizations, including local, national,
6	and intergovernmental actors have led to
7	the development of programs, standards,
8	and interventions to combat gender-based
9	violence;
10	(v) a list of the policies or programs
11	implemented by international or multilat-
12	eral organizations receiving funding from
13	the United States Government—
14	(I) to improve capacity and inter-
15	nal protocols to identify signs of gen-
16	der-based violence, including sexual
17	exploitation and abuse; and
18	(II) to integrate initiatives to
19	prevent and respond to gender-based
20	violence into programs of the organi-
21	zation; and
22	(vi) a description of any diplomatic
23	action taken bilaterally, multilaterally, or
24	with international organizations to encour-
25	age the governments of other countries and

1	international organizations to adopt poli-
2	cies and support efforts to prevent and re-
3	spond to gender-based violence in emer-
4	gency situations in alignment with the
5	Global Call to Action on Protection from
6	Gender-Based Violence in Emergencies.
7	(3) FORM.—The report required under para-
8	graph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form
9	but may include a classified annex. The unclassified
10	portion of such report shall be concurrently pub-
11	lished on a publicly available website of the Depart-
12	ment of State.
13	(c) BUDGET REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after
14	the President submits each budget to Congress under sec-
15	tion 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, the Director
16	of the Office of Management and Budget shall submit to
17	the appropriate congressional committees a budget cross-
18	cut report that—
19	(1) displays the budget proposed, including any
20	planned interagency or intra-agency transfer, for
21	each of the principal Federal agencies that will be
22	carrying out activities through the Safe from the
23	Start programming focus described in section 4 in
24	the fiscal year for which such budget is submitted

1	(2) separately reports the amount of funding to
2	be provided pertaining to the Safe from the Start
3	strategy under subsection (b), to the extent such
4	plans are available; and
5	(3) identifies, at the account level to the extent
6	practicable, all Federal assistance and research ex-
7	penditures for Safe from the Start activities in each
8	of the 5 previous fiscal years.
9	SEC. 6. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
9 10	SEC. 6. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
10	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
10 11	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act the greater of—
101112	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act the greater of— (1) such sums as may be necessary for each fis-
10111213	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act the greater of— (1) such sums as may be necessary for each fis- cal year to carry out this Act; or